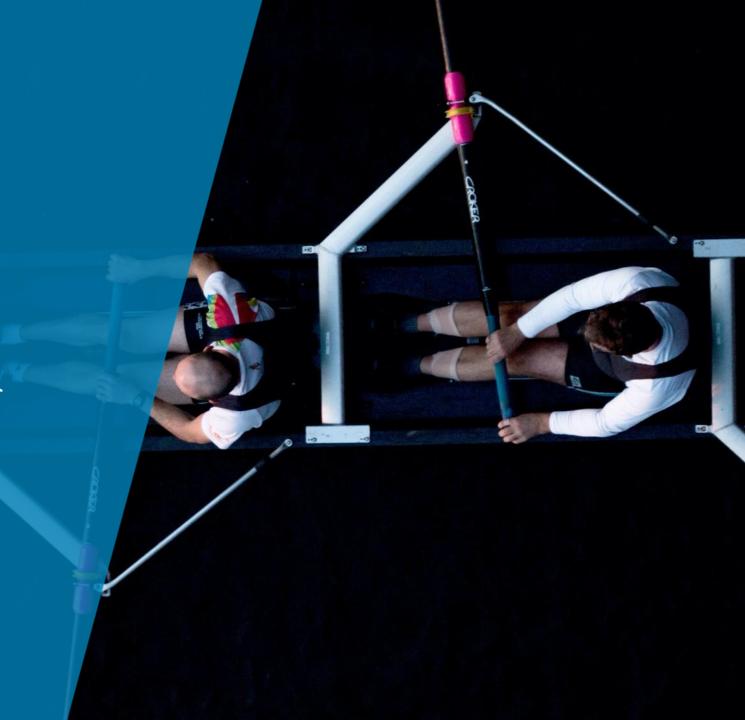


The Importance of Remaining Invested

For clients Novia Global

May 2022



Introduction

Ben ChandlerInvestment Director



Ben joined Brooks Macdonald in in 2017 and has worked in the financial services industry since 1998, initially in fund administration before moving to securities dealing, then onto portfolio management in 2001.

In addition to undertaking day-to-day investment management duties for a number of discretionary clients, Ben is co-head of our Multi Asset Class Strategy Teams and is a voting member of Brooks Macdonald Group's Asset Allocation Committee. Ben is also a voting member of our Direct Equity Strategy Team.

Ben holds the Certificate in Private Client Investment Advice & Management (PCIAM) and is also a Chartered Fellow of the Chartered Institute for Securities & Investment (CISI).

Owns shares in Brooks Macdonald Plc via Employee save as you earn scheme. Pension assets invested in High Growth GBP MPS



Introduction

Major geopolitical and macro-economic events – including most recently the coronavirus pandemic and the Russian invasion of Ukraine – can prompt investors to flee financial markets. Whilst de-risking may be suitable from an emotional perspective, history shows this could be a mistake from a financial one.

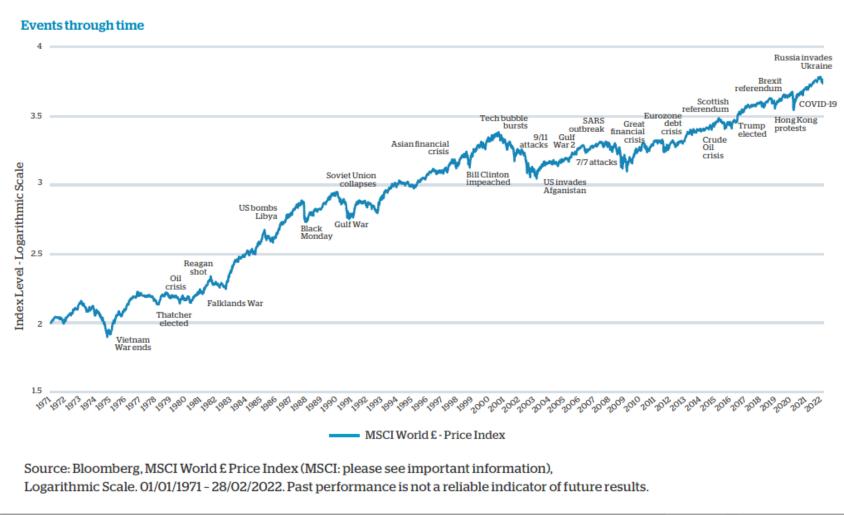
In this presentation, we discuss the importance of taking a long-term view when investing, and how missing the best performing days could have led to a portfolio's significant underperformance.

We will also discuss why seeking the safety of cash during uncertain times may not be the best method for preserving wealth.



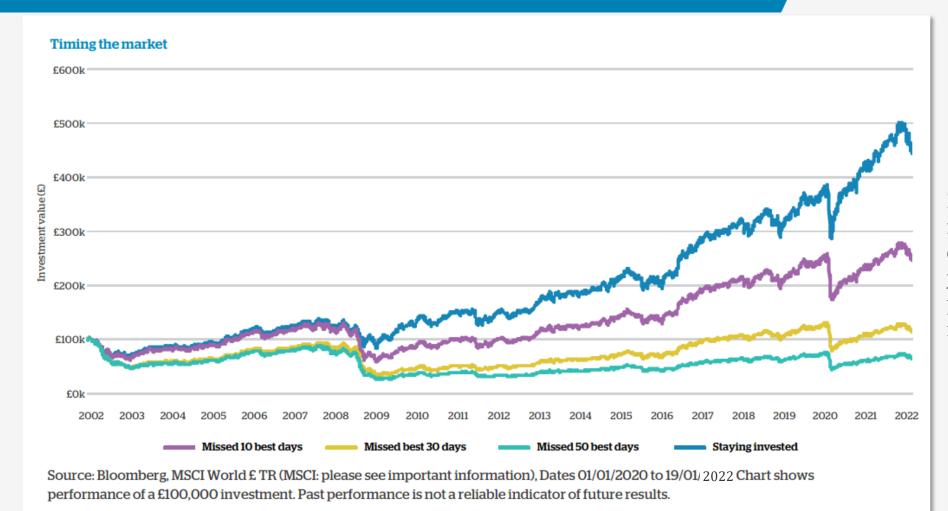
Trying to time the market can seriously damage your investment returns

Amidst periods of heightened volatility, it is understandable that many investors grow concerned about the impact on the value of their investments. But, while sharp declines in markets can naturally be disconcerting, if you want to give your investments the best chance of earning a long-term return, then it's a good idea to practice the art of patience.





The dangers of missing the best performing days

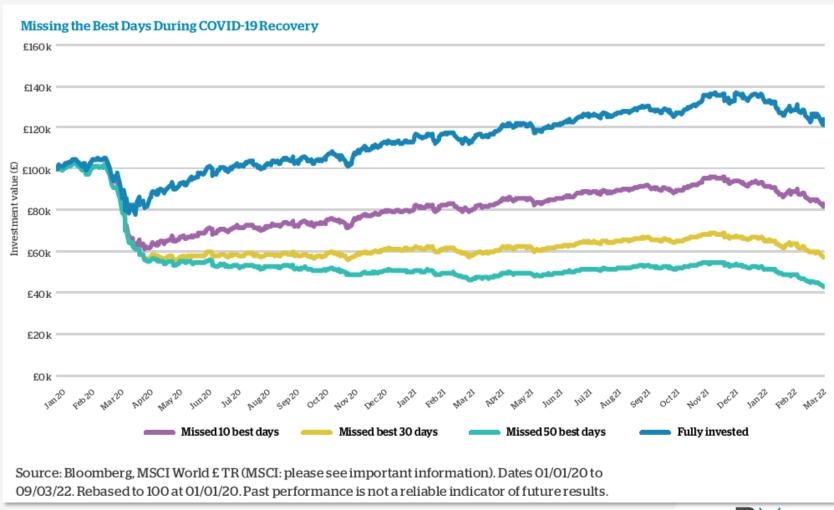


Despite temptations to switch into cash during difficult times, data shows that missing out on just the 10 best market performing days can have a big impact on long-term returns.



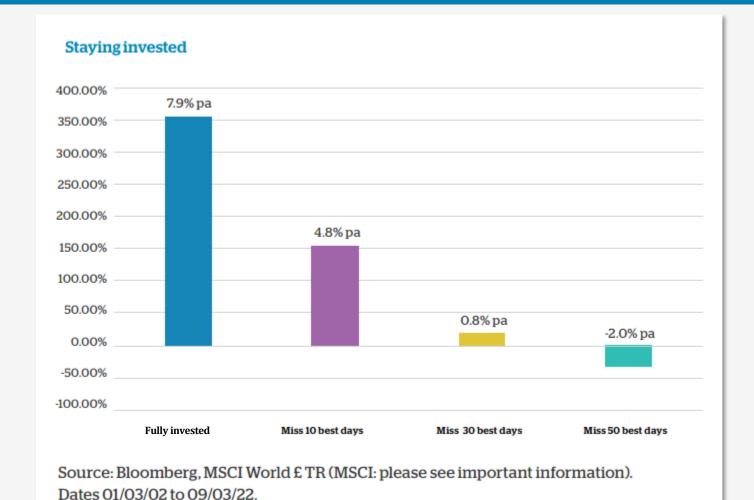
The dangers of missing the best performing days

20 years may feel like a long time for some clients so here is the impact of missing the best days of the market recovery following the depths of the COVID-19 pandemic.





The dangers of missing the best performing days



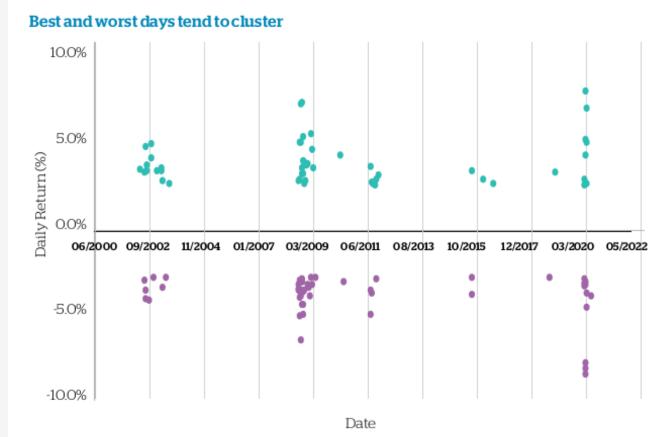
A different way of delivering the same message, where staying fully invested over the 20-year period generates annualised returns of 7.9%, compared to 0.8% annualised returns if one misses the 30 best days.



If you do get your exit right, you may still lose out on the way back in.

One of the most common reasons investors lose money is when they try to time the market, trying to avoid the worst days of the stock market by cashing out and then re-investing when they think the market is going to pick up.

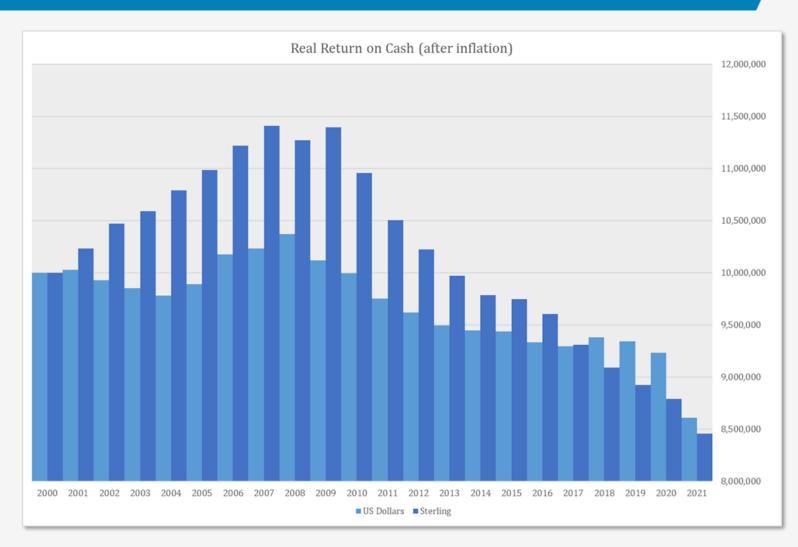
However, as the chart shows, the best and worst days of the stock market cluster. Try to miss the lows and you'll probably miss the highs too.



Source: Bloomberg, MSCI World £ TR (MSCI: please see important information), Dates 01/03/02 to 09/03/22. Chart shows **50 worst** and **50 best** days of one-day performance. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.



Why cash might not be the best solution



Seeking safety in cash may be a solution for the shorter term, but over the longer term, the damaging impact from inflation could seriously damage the real value of the assets.

Whilst an investor who placed £/\$10 million on 3-month deposit at the start of the year 2000 would have achieved a total return before inflation of circa 60%, once inflation is factored the real purchasing power means in real terms the value of the cash is circa £/\$8.5 million.

Source: Bloomberg. Simulated return of 3 month cash rates, minus CPI inflation rate.



What can be done to protect wealth during volatile times?

It is important to remember that not all types of investment (or 'asset classes') behave in the same way at the same time.

By utilising an actively managed multi asset approach, we expect that clients can achieve the optimal risk adjusted returns over time.

Table 1: p	performance of different asset classes over time	9
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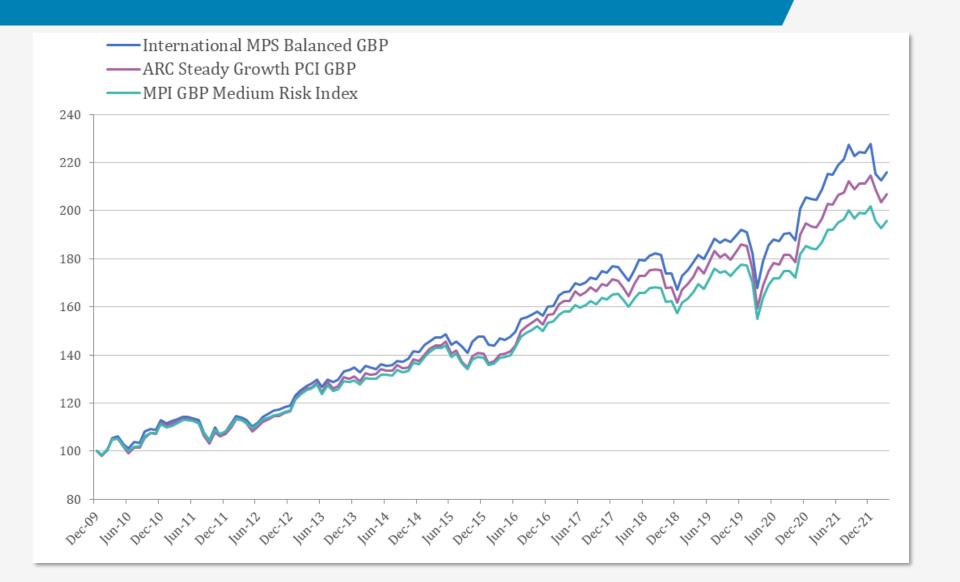
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
1	Asia ex-Japan Equities 239	Sterling Gilts 16.7	Global HY bonds 196	US Equities 292	US Equities 19.8	Japan Equities 15.9	EM Equities 32.7	Asia ex-Japan Equities 29.4	US Equities 0.76	US Equities 22.7	Asia ex-Japan Equities 215	Commoditie
	EM Equities 23.1	Sterling Corp Bonds 6.5	UK Property 19.0	Europe Equities 26.4	UK Property 16.1	US Equities 6.5	US Equities 32.4	EM Equities 25.3	Cash 0.8	DM Equities 22.7	US Equities 17.3	US Equities 27.5
	Commodities 21.6	Global HY bonds 31	Asia ex-Japan Equities 16.8	Japan Equities 247	Sterling Gilts 146	UK Property 62	Commodities 30.4	Europe Equities 170	Sterling Gilts 0.5	UK Property 22.4	EM Equities 149	DM Equities 22.9
	Japan Equities 196	US Equities 1.9	Europe Equities 16.0	DM Equities 242	Sterling Corp Bonds 12.5	DM Equities 4.8	DM Equities 28.3	Japan Equities 13.2	Sterling Corp Bonds -2.2	UK Equities 18.3	DM Equities 126	UK Property 20.8
	US Equities 18.9	Cash 0.5	Sterling Corp Bonds 155	UK Equities 20.6	DM Equities 11.6	Europe Equities 4.3	Asia ex-Japan Equities 25.8	UK Equities 13.1	DM Equities -3.1	Europe Equities 18.2	Japan Equities 11.2	UK Equities 18.8
	DM Equities 15.8	UK Property 0.1	EM Equities 129	UK Property 12.1	Asia ex-Japan Equities 11.4	Sterling Corp Bonds 0.7	Japan Equities 22.2	DM Equities 11.7	Global HY bonds -41	Japan Equities 14.9	Sterling Corp Bonds 9.1	Europe Equities 14.7
	Global HY bonds 148	UK Equities -3.1	UK Equities 122	Global HY bonds 73	EM Equities 40	Cash 0.5	Europe Equities 212	US Equities 10.6	Commodities -71	EM Equities 13.8	Sterling Gilts 89	Japan Equities 2.6
	UK Equities 145	DM Equities -5.0	DM Equities 10.6	Sterling Corp Bonds 16	Japan Equities 2.0	Sterling Gilts OS	UK Equities 17.3	Global HY bonds 10.4	Japan Equities -7.6	Asia ex-Japan Equities 13.6	Global HY bonds 70	Global HY bonds 10
	Sterling Corp Bonds 8.9	Commodities -7.8	US Equities 10.1	Asia ex-Japan Equities 1.1	Cash 0.5	UK Equities 0.1	Global HY bonds 14.3	UK Property 81	UK Property -7.8	Global HY bonds 12.6	Europe Equities 47	Cash 0.3
	UK Property 8.8	Japan Equities -13.9	Japan Equities 3.3	Cash 0.5	UK Equities 0.4	Global HY bonds -2.7	Sterling Corp Bonds 12.3	Sterling Corp Bonds 49	Asia ex-Japan Equities -91	Sterling Corp Bonds 11.0	Cash O1	EM Equities
	Sterling Gilts 75	Asia ex-Japan Equities -169	Sterling Gilts 29	Sterling Gilts -4.2	Global HY bonds OO	Asia ex-Japan Equities -3.9	Sterling Gilts 10.7	Sterling Gilts 2.0	EM Equities -94	Sterling Gilts 71	UK Property -95	Sterling Corp Bonds -33
	Cash O5	Europe Equities -17.0	Cash O5	EM Equities -4.5	Europe Equities -27	EM Equities -100	Cash O3	Cash 0.5	UK Equities -98	Commodities 51	UK Equities -11,3	Asia ex-Japan Equities -39
,	Europe Equities -1.1	EM Equities -18.0	Commodities -7.7	Commodities -6.9	Commodities -127	Commodities -19.0	UK Property -3.0	Commodities -8.1	Europe Equities -118	Cash 0.75	Commodities -12.3	Sterling Gilts -53

Source: Bloomberg, Reuters, MSCI: please see important information. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Investors may not get back the amount invested.



Cumulative Return - International MPS



Source: Brooks Macdonald/ARC PCI/MPI to 31/03/2022 Performance chart shows the value of £100 since 31.12.2009 as MPI data is not available prior to this date.



Performance Snapshot

Trailing performance to 31.03.2022. (%) ****	1M	3M	YTD	1Y	3 Y	5 Y	Since Launch (Annualised)	Cumulative return
International MPS Balanced GBP	1.58	-5.22	-5.22	3.45	6.52	5.40	7.37	149.01
ARC Steady Growth PCI GBP**	1.60	-3.61	-3.61	5.13	6.23	4.95	6.97	137.41
MPI GBP Medium Risk Index***	1.47	-3.09	-3.09	4.60	5.60	4.38	N/A	N/A

Calendar Year Performance	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
International MPS Balanced GBP	10.81	7.13	14.90	-5.54	10.57
ARC Steady Growth PCI GBP**	10.24	4.57	14.99	-5.64	9.41
MPI GBP Medium Risk Index***	8.91	4.36	12.85	-4.67	7.73

Source: Brooks Macdonald*/ARC PCI/MPI to 31/03/2022



^{*}Managed at the relevant time by DPZ Capital Limited, which merged with Brooks Macdonald on 02.12.2015

^{**} Represents the ARC Steady Growth PCI GBP Index. Benchmarks are provided by Asset Risk Consultants. Returns for the last three months may represent estimates only.

^{***} Represents the MPI GBP Medium Risk Index from 01.12.2009. Returns for the last three months may represent estimates only.

**** Data shown is since launch on 01.06.2009.

Feel free to get in touch



To learn more about our solutions and how to access them via Novia, please contact Matthew Wintour, Head of Adviser Solutions.

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Important information

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